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The Weekly Gleaner,

A PERIODICAL DEVOTED TO
RELIGION, EDUCATION, BIBLICAL AND
JEWISH ANTIQUITIES, LITERATURE
AND GENERAL NEWS.

JULIUS GOODMAN,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE 133 CLAY STREET.

TERMS.

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THE GLEANER."

Poetry.



THY EARLY DAYS WILL COME BUT ONCE.

Thy early days will come but once,
O bright-eyed, joyful child,
Whose laugh is echoing on the hill
And in the greenwood wild—
Whose steps are like the summer birds,
Scarce pressing as they pass
The meek and fragrant violet,
The soft and dewy grass.

Thy early days will come but once—
And swift they glide away—
The rapid wind—the rolling wave
Are not more fleet than they.
Thy life is like a summer dawn,
That passes all too soon
Ere thou hast seen, with watchful eye,
The coming of the noon.

PUBLISHING BOOKS.—When self-interest
inclines a man to print, he should consider
that the purchaser expects a penny-
worth for his penny, and has reason to
aspire his honesty if he finds himself
deceived; also, that it is possible to pub-
lish a book of no value, which is too fre-
quently the product of such mercenary
people.—Shenstone.

Singular Recovery of a Female Un- justly Executed.

The following account of the case of a
poor girl who was unjustly executed in
1766, is given by a celebrated French
author, as an instance of the injustice
which was often committed by the equiv-
ocal mode of trial used in France:—

"About seventeen years since, a young
peasant girl, possessed of a very agreeable
figure, was placed at Paris in the service
of a man depraved by all the vices conse-
quent on the corruption of great cities.
Smitten with her charms, he tried every
method to seduce her; but she was virtu-
tous, and resisted. The prudence of this
girl only irritated the passion of her mas-
ter, who, not being able to make her sub-
mit to his desires, determined on the
most black add horrible revenge. He
secretly conveyed into her box many
things belonging to him, marked with his
name. He then exclaimed that he was
robbed, called in a commissaire (a minis-
terial officer of justice,) and made his de-
position. The girl's box was searched,
and the things discovered. The unhappy
servant was imprisoned. She defended
herself only by her tears; she had no
evidence to prove that she did not put the
property in her box; and her only an-
swer to the interrogatories was that she
was innocent. The judges had no suspi-
cion of the depravity of the accuser,
whose station was respectable, and they
administered the law in all its rigour;
a rigour undoubtedly excessive, which
ought to disappear from our code to give
place to a simple but certain penalty
which would leave fewer crimes unpun-
ished. The innocent girl was condemned
to be hanged. The dreadful office was
ineffectually performed, as it was the
first attempt of the son of the great
executioner. A surgeon had purchased
the body for dissection, and it was con-
veyed to his house. On that evening,
being about to open the head, he per-
ceived a gentle warmth about the body.
The dissecting knife fell from his hand,
and he placed in his bed her whom he
was about to dissect. His efforts to re-
store her to life were effectual; and at the
same time he sent for a priest, on whose
discretion and experience he could depend,
in order to consult with him on this
strange event, as well as to have him for
a witness to his conduct. The moment
the unfortunate girl opened her eyes, she
believed herself in the other world, and
perceiving the figure of the priest, who
had a marked and a majestic countenance,
(for I know him, and it is from him that
I have this fact,) she joined her hands
tremblingly, and exclaimed,—'Eternal

Father, you know my innocence, have
pity on me!' In this manner she contin-
ued to invoke the ecclesiastic, believing,
in her simplicity, that she beheld her God.
They were long in persuading her
that she was not dead—so much had the
idea of punishment and of death possessed
her imagination. Nothing could be more
touching and more expressive than the
cry of an innocent being, who thus ap-
proached towards him whom she regard-
ed as her Supreme Judge; and independ-
ently of her affecting beauty, this single
spectacle was sufficient to create the most
lively interest in the breast of an observ-
ing and sensible man. What a scene for
a painter! What a moral for a philos-
opher! What a lesson for a legislator!

"The process was not submitted to a
new revision, as was stated in the *Journal
de Paris*. The servant having returned
to life, recognized a man in him whom
she had adored, and who, directing her
prayers towards the only adorable Being,
quitted the house of the surgeon, who
was doubly unquiet on her account and
his own. She retired to hide herself in
a distant village, fearing to meet the of-
ficers or the judges, who, with the dread-
ed tree, incessantly haunted her imagin-
ation. The villainous accuser remained
unpunished, because his crime, though
manifested to the eyes of two individual
witnesses, was not so clear to the eyes of
the magistrates and of the laws. The
people subsequently became acquainted
with the resurrection of this girl, and load-
ed with reproaches the execrable author
of her misery; but, in this immense city,
his offence was soon forgotten, and the
monster perhaps still breathes; at least,
he has not publicly suffered the punish-
ment which he deserves.

"A book should be published, contain-
ing, a collection of cases in which innocent
persons have been punished, in order, by
showing the causes of error, to avoid
them for the future. Perhaps some man
of the law may undertake this important
work."

SINGULAR DREAMS.—Galen speaks of
a sick person who dreamed that he had a
stone leg; and says that, sometime after-
wards that leg was paralyzed. The
learned Conrad Gessner dreamed one
night that he was bitten in the breast by
a serpent, and a deep and severe lesion
was soon manifested in that very spot;
it was, in fact, a carbuncle, that terminated
fatally at the end of five days.

Never speak evil of any one, on any
pretence whatever.

The Double of the Mortara Case.

We would invite the very particular
attention of our readers to our Neapoli-
tan correspondence of this day. They
will find that it is not only at Rome that
such an incident as the abduction of the
young Mortara is possible. The Nea-
politan tale is even more hideous than
that which we have lately received from
Bologna. An English lady's maid had
been seduced by a Neapolitan nobleman,
under very atrocious circumstances. She
was abandoned by him. When, in due
time, the child of sin and misery was
born, the woman's sick bed was assailed
by a Roman Catholic priest, who took
the child from her, and baptized it ac-
cording to the rites of the Roman Church.
The child died. As it had been baptized
a Catholic, so a Catholic was it buried.
The source from which we derive the
information is reliable; and we consider
the case, as it stands at present, to be
one of grave and searching inquiry.

NAPLES, Jan. 3, 1859.
"The Mortara case, unfortunately, is
not exceptional, for, though even Ro-
man Catholic Austria and France have
followed the rule laid down by the law
of every civilized nation, Naples, where
incessant mummery, eternal beggary and
debauchery reign, has thought proper
to follow in the wake of Rome.

"The case which I am about to relate
is a corresponding illustration of sacer-
dotal arrogance, perpetrated under cir-
cumstances of peculiar atrocity, and en-
forced by a savage brutality at which
humanity shudders. A young woman, a
native of England, a lady's maid, respect-
ably educated, and having acquired a
competent knowledge of the French and
Italian languages, was seduced by a young
Neapolitan nobleman. For some months
the affair remained a secret. Eventu-
ally, to hide her disgrace, she was forced
to leave her situation, and take up her
abode in an obscure part of Naples. In
process of time she was delivered of a
strong and healthy child. Some of the
people residing in the same house in-
formed the police of the circumstance,
and they went to the cure of the parish
in which her habitation was situated, and
told him that a foreigner had been de-
livered of a child, and invited him to
baptize it. The cure sent his vicar, who
quickly repaired to the woman's resi-
dence, with all the usual attendants and
a rabble of women and children, of the
lowest class, at his heels. The young
woman politely declined his assistance,
and said that, as she was a Protestant,
she naturally wished her child to be bap-
tized by a Protestant minister. The vi-
car told her that could not be allowed,

and that he came with special orders from his superior to make a Christian of the child. Seeing that she would not yield, the vicar got angry, and made use of hard and unbecoming expressions.—On taking leave of her, he intimated that she should soon have a visit from the cure and the police.

Accordingly, the next day, the cure, accompanied by his vicar, visited the woman, and persecuted her in like manner on the subject of the baptism of her child, when she indignantly expressed her abhorrence of their oppressive behavior, and declared her steadfast determination not to have it made a Papist of. Again and again the cure demanded with a sneering yet inquiring glance if she would consent to have her child made a Christian. Firmly and steadily, in a mild voice, but with a decision that could not be mistaken, the young woman replied "No!" At this, the cure poured forth a torrent of invective and abuse against the obstinate heretic, as he was pleased to call her.

"There was something unutterably cruel, unfeeling and unmanly, in this brutal outrage on a poor suffering female, so soon after her confinement. There she lay, almost convulsed with distress, while the blood rushed painfully to her other wise colorless cheek. The involuntary look of fright, horror and aversion, with which she regarded these ferocious ecclesiastics, did not escape the eye of the cure. He frowned fiercely, scolded and stormed. Involuntarily she clasped her babe closer to her bosom, determined to defend it to the last. This persecution continued fiercer and fiercer every succeeding day; still the woman was inflexible. At length the cure, in a quick, imperative tone, threatened to turn her out of the house and throw her into prison, unless she delivered up the child to his care. The woman gave a sudden start; she seemed stimulated for a few moments to an unnatural strength; with quivering lip and dilated nostrils, she drew herself up, and fixing a glance blazing with rage and scorn on the priest, she reproached him for his vile and brutal conduct, informing him that she did not fear a prison, and would never yield to his unreasonable and barbarous demands.

"Suspense hung like a thunder-cloud over the head of this poor, helpless woman. With nervous anxiety she resisted every attempt to take the child from her; and such was her state of suspense that, even in sleep, her arm encircled it with an unrelaxing clasp, as if she could not even then be beguiled of her vigilant hold. These stormy visits were renewed for several successive days, with the like result. The perpetual state of excitement and worry, terror and alarm, and the injustice and cruelty, to which she had been subjected, soon began to exhibit, in an unmistakable manner, their effects upon the health of this unprotected victim of ecclesiastical tyranny. The poor, innocent, unoffending babe began to pine. The nutriment which Nature had provided became so changed that the infant rapidly sank from want of proper sustenance. No pitying voice was near to pour words of consolation and comfort into the ear of the afflicted mother—to speak of a heart of love in realms beyond the skies—of a bleeding Saviour, and an eternal home. These pretended ministers of a high and holy God came not to speak of a compassionate Redeemer and a Heavenly inheritance—of Him who came to bind up the broken-hearted, and comfort all that mourn. No—their errand was of a different character; and, as soon as they discovered that the life of the child was in danger, the contest was renewed with increased barbarity and violence.

"With deep anguish of heart the lone woman saw her babe rapidly approaching its last hour. Her very heart bled within her for the poor suffering thing

that lay like a crushed reed at her side. A smothered sob or cry ever and anon escaped the poor prostrate creature, until her murmurs died away in silence.—The ignorant and bigoted people by whom she was surrounded hurried to the cure, and gave information that the child was dying. Associating himself with two other priests—one of them notorious throughout the village for his utter villainess, debauchery and cupidity—the cure again obtruded himself into the room of the sick woman, with the fixed determination of performing the rite of baptism by force. Again the woman mildly remonstrated, and said she should send for a Protestant minister to perform the rite, but the priests told her that no Protestant minister could perform baptism in a private house, and even if he did, being a heretic, it would be of no avail. From angry words and threats the priests proceeded to violence. The cure seized the woman by the shoulders, and flung her with great force upon the bed. She still clutched her babe to her bosom with all her remaining strength, and, as they rudely took it from her, she gave it one wild embrace. The real presence of distress, the imploring human eye, the frail, trembling human hand, the despairing appeal of helpless agony, had no power to move the pitiless hearts of those monsters. Confiding the dying infant to the charge of the sage-femme, the cure turned every one out of the room, and, regardless of the frantic grief of the poor mother, locked the door, and put the key in his pocket. Though exhausted by suffering, fatigue and fear, the hapless mother, stung to madness and despair by the crushing agonies of her situation, and well nigh overwhelmed by the avalanche of cruelty and wrong which had fallen upon her, sprang from the bed and flung herself against the door, screaming—"O, my child, my child!" None of the people attracted by this strange scene seemed in the least affected, or showed any signs of sympathy or pity. On the contrary, she was called to endure the hisses, the scoffs, and the ribaldry of the besotted followers of the priests. Probably stung by remorse, and dreading the consequences should the abduction of the child prove fatal to the mother in her present debilitated state, or perhaps some latent spark of humanity remaining within her heart, the sage-femme hesitated, and then refused to convey the child from the house. Her remonstrances and entreaties eventually prevailed on the savage cure to open the door, in order to pacify the woman, whose frantic screams had attracted a crowd about the house. The victim of this brutal outrage was placed, in a state of partial insensibility, on the bed; she tried once or twice to speak; her lips moved, but there was no sound; and, pointing upwards with a look of earnest meaning, she fell back on her pillow and covered her face. There she lay, dropping slow tears, while the priests went through the ceremony of baptizing her child. Was not the lot of this poor creature bitter enough without this last mockery and insult? Well might she say in her anguish—"My soul is exceedingly filled with the scorning of them that are at ease, and with the contempt of the proud." But the soul of the poor little babe was more than half loosed from its earthly bonds, and it died ere the baptismal rite was concluded. And when the people came to take it away, she cast a wild look of anguish and utter despair upon her murdered child. No tears bedewed the mortal remains of her first-born. The shock had passed too straight and direct through the heart for cry or tear. Without giving her any voice in the matter, it was hurried away, and buried according to the rites of the Roman Church. All the noise and bustle incident to the removal of the body struck dreamingly on the bewildered ear of the poor mother, and her poor,

dumb-stricken heart had neither cry nor tear to show for its utter misery.

"The morning after this tragical and scandalous scene, the cure sent in his demand for payment, which of course the woman refused to satisfy; but, no way intimidated by her refusal, he sent again next morning and doubled his demand. An edifying spectacle this, but of which the fruits can not be lost, and which will turn to the detriment of the partisans of fanaticism! The most strenuous exertions have been made, and are still making, to keep this matter a profound secret. Bribery, corruption, and every evil passion, have been called into active operation to suppress the truth; but the facts are well known to almost every Protestant in Naples. Many well-disposed persons, actuated by devotion, and disposed to allow themselves to be led away to a blind submission, will recoil with horror on seeing the consequences of Ultramontane doctrines, the disastrous influence of which has so deeply afflicted and scandalized the great majority of Roman Catholics in Europe; and how many men, piously disposed, will perceive in these details that very serious differences often exist between the maxims of the Christian religion and those of its interpreters in the Papal Church."

THE LIBELS OF THE UNIVERS.—The Daily Press was mistaken in announcing that the Jewish Central Consistory of Paris had taken proceedings against M. Veuillot, the fanatical editor of the Univers, for his libels against the Jews.—Such, undoubtedly, was the intention of the Consistory; but this, owing to technical difficulties, had to be abandoned.—Proceedings, however, had been taken against the same journalist by M. Bloch, editor of the Univers Israélite, who was fiercely and scandalously attacked by M. Veuillot, and whose reply the ultramontane paper refused to publish. It was the day for this trial that had been fixed for the 12th, and on which M. Cremieux had volunteered to plead the case of the basely-calumniated Jews. M. Veuillot, however, seems in proper time to have discovered that discretion was the better part of valor; for he found it expedient, within the term prescribed by law, to publish the rejected rejoinder. The intended proceedings, of course, thus fell to the ground.—*Jewish Chronicle.*

AUSTRIAN SCHOOLS.—The Minister of Public Instruction and Worship, in Austria, has just decreed a new regulation for the private schools of the Empire.—These will be divided according to the sexes of the children, and according to their religion. The boys' schools will be directed by men, and the girls' schools by women; but men may be professors in the latter. According to the regulations, the schools will be divided into Catholic, Protestant, Greek and Jewish. Catholic children can be received into none but Catholic schools, and from this rule there is no exception; the children of Jewish parents can not enter Catholic establishments; and Protestants only exceptionally, and under certain conditions. In the Catholic schools the professors must be of the same religion.—

BERLIN.—The liberal policy of the Prince Regent's government is already felt by the Jews. The new minister of the interior has confirmed the election of the Jewish town councillor, Samter, in Posen, which had been declared null and void by his predecessor. Jewish barristers will also now be admitted to the office of judges, as guaranteed by the constitution, but never carried out by the late government. It is, moreover, expected that many rich Jews from neighboring countries, in which the reaction still continues, will emigrate to Prussia, now that the constitution is becoming a verity.—*Jeshurun.*

ROME.—On New Year's Day a deputation from the Roman congregation was admitted to the presence of the Pope. His Holiness at first received its members rather ungraciously, reproaching them for having, as he thought, supplied the European press with the particulars of the recent well-known transaction. His Holiness, however, gradually relented, and the members of the deputation, on retiring, were permitted to kiss his hands, which is considered as an extraordinary act of condescension on the part of the Pope. [His Holiness, we can assure the public, was entirely mistaken in charging his Jewish subjects with any correspondence on the matter. The communications were, in the first instance, made by the Sardinian congregations, and subsequently by correspondents of the Christian religion.—Ed. J. C.]

THE TOURO FUND.—Mr. Touro left to the city of New Orleans the sum of \$80,000 for the building of an alms-house.—The execution of the plan was confided to Mr. Touro's old friend, R. D. Shepard, who invested the money so that it has now increased to \$115,000. Mr. Shepard has also added to the resources of the fund by offering the city a fine square, 580 feet deep by 350 front, as the site for the proposed erection, and he will also give \$50,000 to complete the edifice in a proper manner.

INTENDED VISIT OF THE CZAR TO THE QUEEN.—The Court Journal has "very good reason to believe that the Emperor Alexander will visit our court about the month of May." Should this gratifying event come to pass, our English brethren will have an opportunity of expressing to this kind-hearted monarch the feelings of gratitude raised in their hearts by the uniform benevolence evinced by him towards his down-trodden Jewish subjects.—*Ibid.*

PARIS.—Dr. Levy, member of the Council of Health of the army, has been appointed a member of the superior council of Algeria and the colonies. M. Henry Koenigswarter had handed to the Minister of Foreign Affairs letters accrediting him as *Charge-d'Affaires* of Saxecoburg Gotha to the French Court.—Baron James de Rothschild has this year again distributed among the Parisian poor 30,000 kilogrammes of bread.

ANOTHER MORTARA CASE.—On Wednesday, Dec. 29, before the provincial tribunal of Genoa, presided over by the Chevalier Malaspina, a girl twenty years of age, named Catherine Lavezzaro, was accused of having clandestinely baptized a Jewish child, named Leon Levi. She was found guilty, and sentenced to pay a fine of fifty crowns, with six months' imprisonment.—*Ibid.*

MISSION OF SIR MOSES MONTEFIORE TO ROME.—The Board of Deputies were to be convened for January 26, when the memorial to the Pope will be submitted by Sir Moses Montefiore. May God Almighty strengthen and bless him in this great undertaking!—*Jewish Chron.*

HAMBURG.—For the first time, since the settlement of Jews in this free town, has a co-religionist been elected an officer of the militia. In the regular army there have been Jewish officers ever since 1848.—*Jeshurun.*

VIENNA.—The late assembly of German philologists and orientlists at Vienna counted not less than eight Jewish members.

DEATH OF A CENTENARIAN.—There died lately at Constantine, Algeria, an Israelite, aged 108 years.

INSURANCE OFFICES.

Northern Assurance Company,
1, Moorgate st., London.

For Fire and Life Assurance at Home and Abroad
Established in 1856—Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament.
Capital, £1,259,760 or \$6,000,000.

ANNUAL REVENUE UPWARDS OF £180,000.

Chairman.—The Right Hon. Lord Ernest Bruce, M. P.,
Director of the National Provincial Bank of England.
George G. Anderson, Esq., of Messrs. G. and A. Anderson, 33 Mark Lane.
Thomas Newman Farquhar, Esq., of Messrs. Johnstone, Farquhar, and Leech, 65 Moorgate st.
Duncan James Kay, Esq., of Messrs. Kay Finlay & Co., 27 Threadneedle street.
Sir Charles R. M'Grigor, Bart., 17 Charles street, St. James's Square.
William Miller, Esq., of Messrs. William Miller & Co., St. Petersburg; 135 Piccadilly.
William Westgarth, Esq., of Messrs. Westgarth, Ross & Co., Melbourne; 20 Threadneedle street.
Medical Officer.—Mr. Jefferies.
Bankers.—The Union Bank of London.
Solicitors.—Messrs. Johnston, Farquhar and Leech.
Secretary.—A. P. Fletcher.
Vice-Secretary.—Edward Euchs.
The Twenty-Second Annual Meeting of this Company was held on the 11th instant, when the following results of the business for the year ending 31st January last, was submitted to the Proprietors and Policy-holders.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Premiums for the year, £101,230 18 6—or about \$560,000, which, after payment of all losses and expenses, and provision for all outstanding claims, left to the profit and loss a nett balance of £10,337 11 6—About \$54,000.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Premiums of 422 new Policies issued during the year, £9,218 8 0 50,000
Renewal Premiums and Interest, 66,691 19 6 330,000
Total Revenue for the year, £75,920 7 9 380,000
Claims during the year, 23,448 12 2 115,000

Number of Policies current, for capital amounting to, £1,977,722 11 1 10,000,000

FINANCIAL POSITION.

Amount of Accumulated Funds £386,062 3 5 1,900,000
Revenue from all Sources, 184,164 6 10 920,000
The Dividend declared was at the former rate of 7% per cent. free of Income Tax.

Progress of the Company During the Past Five Years.

	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
Revenue from 1st May, 1865, to 30th April, 1866.	£43,368 12 4	£43,368 12 4	£43,368 12 4	£43,368 12 4	£43,368 12 4
Revenue from 1st May, 1866, to 30th April, 1867.	£43,368 12 4	£43,368 12 4	£43,368 12 4	£43,368 12 4	£43,368 12 4
Revenue from 1st May, 1867, to 30th April, 1868.	£43,368 12 4	£43,368 12 4	£43,368 12 4	£43,368 12 4	£43,368 12 4
Revenue from 1st May, 1868, to 30th April, 1869.	£43,368 12 4	£43,368 12 4	£43,368 12 4	£43,368 12 4	£43,368 12 4
Revenue from 1st May, 1869, to 30th April, 1870.	£43,368 12 4	£43,368 12 4	£43,368 12 4	£43,368 12 4	£43,368 12 4

SMITH, BRO. & CO., AGENTS,
Corner of California and Battery streets.**FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.**

THE UNDERSIGNED agents will issue Policies on the most favorable terms, for the following well known and responsible Companies:
Hartford Fire Insurance Company Hartford
Phoenix Insurance Company Hartford
Merchant's Insurance Company Hartford
Quaker City Insurance Company Philadelphia

ALL LOSSES

Will be adjusted and paid at our Office, as soon as proofs are rendered.
EDWARD McLEAN & JOHN FOWLER, Agents.

OFFICE—Northeast corner of Clay and Battery streets
s22 f

STEAMERS.

FOR NEW ORLEANS
—VIA—
THE ISTHMUS OF TEHUANTEPEC

THROUGH IN FIFTEEN DAYS,
Carrying the United States Mails,



ARRANGEMENTS HAVING been made with the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY for the transportation of PASSENGERS and FREIGHT from San Francisco to Ventosa, conveyance will hereafter

Leave Ventosa

Regularly on the arrival of the Company's vessels, on or about the 15th and 30th of each month.

FOR SUCHIL.

Connecting there with the Company's new and beautiful light draught iron steamer "SUCHIL" down the Coast—coasting River to Minatitlan; and the fast and favorite sidewheel steamer "QUAKER CITY," F. W. Shufeldt, Commander, will

Leave Minatitlan for New Orleans,

with the California Mails and Passengers, on or about the 21st and 11th of each month.

For Freight or Passage from Ventosa to New Orleans, apply at the agency of the Louisiana-Tehuantepec Company, s. w. e. corner of Montgomery and Jackson sts.
Dec. 10th
LUCIEN HERMANN, Agent.

Pacific Mail Steam Ship Co.'s Line.

Connecting, by way of the Panama Railroad, with the Steamers of the U. S. Mail Steamship Company at Aspinwall.

For New York and New Orleans.

DEPARTURE FROM FOLSOM STREET WHARF.

The Splendid Steamship

GOLDEN AGE,

CAPT. WATKINS, Commander,
Will leave Folsom street Wharf, with the United States Mails, Passengers and Treasure,

April 5th, at 9 A. M.,

—PUNCTUALLY—
A choice of berths on the Atlantic steamers is secured by the early purchase of Tickets in San Francisco.

For freight or passage, apply to
FORBES & BABCOCK, Agents,
Corner Sacramento and Leidesdorff streets.
ap23-td

California Steam Navigation Company.

Departure from Jackson Street Wharf.

CARRYING UNITED STATES MAILS.**MARCH 1, 1858.**

Steamer NEW WORLD, Capt. SAMUEL SEYMOUR.
Steamer ANTELOPE, Capt. E. A. POOLE.
Steamer HELEN HENSLEY, Capt. E. T. CLARK.
Steamer J. BRAGDON, Capt. E. COCKLIN.
Steamer URILDA, Capt. E. Z. CLARK.
Steamer CORNELIA, Capt. E. COCKLIN.

One or more of the above Steamers will leave Jackson Street Wharf every day, at 4 o'clock, P. M., (Sundays excepted,) for

SACRAMENTO AND STOCKTON,

Connecting with the Liza Draft Steamers for
MARYSVILLE, COLUSI, and REF. BLUFFS.
For further particulars inquire at the Office of the Company, corner of Jackson and Front Streets.
J. WHITNEY, President.
feb. 6m

Henry Hentsch,**BANKER,**

No. 120 Montgomery Street.
Draws sight and time bills of exchange, on

De Rham & Co., New York.
Melly Romilly & Co., Liverpool.
Morris Prevost & Co., London.
Coulon & Co., London.
Hentsch Lutscher & Co. Paris.
Mussard, Audeoud & Co. Paris.
Hentsch & Co. Geneva, Switzerland.
Schickler, Bros. Berlin.
Lutteroth & Co., Hamburg.
B. Metzler sons & Co., Frankfurt A. M.

Buys certificates of deposit, and transact general banking business.

An Assay Office is annexed to the banking house and liberal cash advances are made on gold dust to assay, jan. 14. 3m.

BANKING, EXPRESS, &c.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
NEW YORK AND CALIFORNIA
EXPRESS
AND
EXCHANGE COMPANY.

CAPITAL, \$600,000.

D. N. BARNEY, PRESIDENT.
T. M. JAMES, TREASURER.

DRAW BILLS OF EXCHANGE,

IN SUMS TO SUIT,
On all the Cities of the

United States and Canada,
Union Bank of London,
London;

Royal Bank of Ireland, Dublin.
Advance on Gold Dust consigned for Assay, and Receive
Deposits, General and Special.

EXPRESS

Forwarders and Commission Agents;
SHIP TREASURE AT THE LOWEST RATES,

Insure under our own open Policies, held with the best
English Companies, viz.:—
Indemnity Mutual Marine;
Marine Insurance;
Royal Exchange Insurance; and
London Assurance.

FORWARD FREIGHT AND PARCELS

To all parts of the United States and Canada, and
through the "American and European Express and
Exchange Company," to all parts of Europe. Execute Com-
missions, make Collections and Purchases, and attend
promptly to all matters pertaining to the Express business.

FORWARD DAILY EXPRESSES,

In charge of experienced and faithful Messengers, to all
the Towns and Mining Camps in California.

FORWARD SEMI-MONTHLY EXPRESSES

To Oregon and Intermediate Points on the Northern
Coast, Port Townsend and Olympia.

To San Diego and Intermediate Points on the Southern
Coast, and by every vessel for the Sandwich Islands.

N. B. For the better security of ourselves and the
public, Agents in California, Oregon and Washington Ter-
ritories, are furnished with "Appointments," or Commis-
sions, specifying their powers as our Agents. Such "Ap-
pointments" they are required to keep exposed to the
public view in their places of business.

OFFICE—Corner California and Montgomery streets.
LOUIS McLANE,
General Agent for California.

G. W. BELL, } Superintendents.
SAMUEL KNIGHT, } feb. 26-6m

BOARDING HOUSES, &c.

To our friends in the country and in the Atlantic States

St. NICHOLAS HOTEL

Corner of Sansome and Commercial Streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED (WELL KNOWN FOR THEIR
experience,) have fitted up this splendid building with
special regard to the comfort and convenience of both
transient and permanent Boarders and Lodgers.

The St. Nicholas is the permanent residence of many
Families, to whom it has become endeared as a HOME;
consequently travelers stopping at this house are favored
with the pleasures of good society—a desideratum seldom
found in a hotel.

The table is well supplied with every delicacy. The
House is open at all hours,
A coach will always be in attendance to convey guests
to and from the boats.

REGENSBURGER & STERN.
jan. 29-5m

Private Boarding.

122 Commercial Street.

The undersigned is prepared to accommodate her
friends with suitable BOARDING AND LODGING.
N. B. Thankful for the patronage of the past she hopes,
by her endeavors and attention to the comfort of her
Boarders to merit a continuance for the future.

MRS. STODOLE.
mar. 1-11

WORMSER BROTHERS,

Importers of and Dealers in
Wines and Liquors,
Southwest Corner California and Front streets.

Orders from the country carefully and strictly attended
to, and those who favor us may depend upon the quality
sent invariably being such as ordered.
feb. 26-3m

AUG. J. SAULMAN.
F. L. LAUSENSTEIN

SAULMAN'S

—COFFEE SALOON,—

GERMAN BAKERY, AND CONFECTIONARY,
Armory Hall Building,
No. 128 Montgomery Street, corner of Sacramento,
SAN FRANCISCO.

AGENCY FOR RUSSIAN CAVIAR.

Wedding Ceremonies, Balls, Parties,

ETC. ETC. ETC.

ORDERS FOR CONFECTIONERY, PASTRY, JEL-
LIES, CREAM, etc. for Wedding Ceremonies, Balls,
and Parties, received by

SAULMAN,

—ARMORY HALL BUILDING,—
No. 128 Montgomery Street,

Who will furnish Families, Boarding Houses, and Hotels,
with all articles usually sold in a Bakery and Confectione-
ry Store, of a superior quality, on reasonable terms, and
at the shortest notice.

His long residence and extended custom is sufficient
warranty of the superiority of his productions.
n51f

PULU! PULU!**SCHREIBER'S****DEPOT,**

180 JACKSON STREET,
NEXT DOOR TO HOTEL INTERNATIONAL.

Pulu is the Healthiest, Softest, Cheapest and most
Durable Material for Bedding now in use.

The Genuine Dry Pulu

Is imported from the
SANDWICH ISLANDS.

And sold only by
Jacob Schreiber.
180 Jackson Street
NEXT DOOR TO HOTEL INTERNATIONAL.

FLEAS will not live in Pulu Bedding. Ja7-1f.

WASHINGTON MARKET 59 and 60

L. MILLER & CO.
BEEF, MUTTON AND VEAL.
American Beef.

Orders to any part of the City and Country, will be
forwarded with the greatest promptness.

ORDERS FOR FRESH VEGETABLES and FISH will be
taken and forwarded to any part of the City according to
order. dec9.

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The Weekly Gleaner,

FRIDAY, MARCH 25, 1859 (5619.)

NOTICE.

Ophir Lodge No. 21, I. O. B. E., will hold their weekly meetings every Wednesday evening, at 7 1/2 o'clock, at the Temperance Hall in Washington, between Sansome and Montgomery streets.
Members and sojourning brethren of good standing are respectfully invited.
F. TOPLITZ, Pres.
H. KOZMINSKY, Sec.

THE MORTARA CASE IN THE U. S. SENATE.

Puseyism is penetrating to the very throne, in England; Rome—at home and through her agents at Baltimore—legislates for all the inhabitants of the United States.* We consider every Church as a school, and desire to live in peace and harmony with all scholars (men)—allowing them to choose that school whose mode of training is most congenial to their mind—but woe unto the (young) generation when the scholars of one school pretend to be members of the only legitimate school, and to have a right to legislate for all other schools and scholars, and a duty to crush, by force or otherwise, every system that may be heterogenous to its mode!

And such is the dangerous position of the Roman Church among all the other denominations. Her canons teach that she must rule; and what cannot be brought under her power by ruse and persuasion must be got by force and persecution.

We deprecate all indignation against the Church of Rome; we wish it to prosper within its own limits (preferring despotism to rowdiness); but we see danger in her spread, and blood in her wake.

We are, therefore, happy to see the Mortara affair agitated in the Senate of the United States. The question is not about the Mortara boy, nor the nurse at Genoa, who was advised by her confessor to starve a Jew baby, in order that he, by baptism, might send it to Heaven at once; nor is it the anguish of the unfortunate mother (the subject of an article in our columns) that is to move the civilized world to protect itself; nor is the influence of the United States Government alone sufficient to keep down the head that is rising; but the discussion will elicit argument, and we hope the day is not far distant when the danger that threatens all A Catholic countries will be averted, by the adoption of a General Tolerance Act into the Code of International Law—which is the only mode of coming to an issue with the Church of Rome.

We copy the following from the National:—

"Mr. Gwin presented resolutions adopted at a meeting of Israelites, held in San Francisco on the 15th of January,

* In the decretals of the Roman Catholic Clerical Councils of Baltimore, Md., published at Baltimore in 1853, article 17, p. 10, reads:

"We enjoin that children of non-Catholics, when brought [to baptism] by the parents themselves, have to be baptised whenever there is a hope of [their receiving afterwards] a Catholic education. Particular care has to be had that they have either a Catholic father or mother alive. But let it be remembered that, in cases of danger of death, priests not only may, but ought and are obliged to, baptise any child."

1859, in relation to the forcible abduction on the 23rd of June, 1858, by the Papal authorities of Bologna, of a Jewish youth named Mortara, and his baptism into the Catholic Church against the authority and wishes of his parents, and requesting the Senators from California to urge upon Congress, the moral power of this Government to aid in the suppression of similar acts of religious intolerance and persecution, which were referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations."

VALUABLE PUBLICATIONS.

"Esther, the Hebrew-Persian Queen," and "Samson, the Hebrew Hercules," two publications—the latter the second edition—from the pen of the Rev. Dr. Scott, published by H. H. Bancroft & Co., San Francisco. They contain about 350 pages each. Our limited time did not allow us to devote any attention to "Samson;" but we did peruse with great interest several sections of "Esther."

Classical knowledge, and acquaintance with Oriental antiquities and manners—customs which the learned author has brought considerably to bear upon the subject—render the book highly entertaining to every reader. Had our publications no other mission than to supersede the frivolous and even corrupting light reading, produced merely to be perused for pastime (i. e. to lose time), Esther and similar productions would prove infinite blessings, if read merely for entertainment and pastime, in lieu of the inferior literature alluded to.

But precious metals are not recommendable merely for their beautiful color and polish, nor for the pleasure they afford to the beholding eye; it is their intrinsic, actual worth—the use to which they can be applied in preference to common metal—that gives them their value. And it is for a similar use that we should be pleased to see the book, or books, under consideration, widely spread among our community.

Esther is dedicated to the "Mothers and Daughters of the Pacific;" but there is no father nor son but would considerably profit by the application of the sound advice and practical instruction conveyed by its pages.

The book is not the production intended to be "thrown upon the waters," nor is it made for "sale" merely. The author is a man of experience, and the book is the child of experience—of experience in life and of what is known in the religious world as *religious experience*. The incidents of Persia are brought home to the citizens of the United States and the immigrants of California. The circum-spect author has before his eyes a full view of our prospects as a nation; and it seems to be his heart's desire to avert the impending ruin.

Let any intelligent reader select from the Table of Contents a few of the great number of topics treated of in the publication, and peruse them; and he will find that "Esther" is an adviser to the husband, the wife, the son, the daughter, and the Republican citizens.

The book is the production of our times, and written to remedy its evils. The talented-author has probed our wounds as deeply as could be done with safety; subjects which our fettered and dependent press would scarce hint at are spoken of with a parental earnestness that ought to recommend the contents to the hearts of every reader.

We devote much space to this publication, and we would think it well bestowed if we have become instrumental in introducing the book into the hand of one mother, father, or republican citizen, who would use and apply it to the promotion of good.

We need not make any apology for recommending a book that here and there touches—as must be expected—upon Christian ground. The latter, though not believed by the Hebrew, is by no means a preventative to making good use of a good book. Of course we recom-

mend the book to the readers of the GLEANER, and two years' acquaintance with the class of Hebrews who relish our paper is sufficient to teach us that the intelligent portion can tolerate divergency of dogma under the coincidence of moral principles.

In the item to which we give space in our columns, we did not choose the best it contains, but the most suitable to the object we wished to recommend to the attention of our readers; and perhaps, even for that purpose, we could have selected a passage that would speak more home, had we had more time to cull.

We hope the book will become what it deserves to be—an instructor to "Mothers and Daughters on the Pacific"—and to Sons and Fathers, too.

Our Children—The Root of the Evil.

We recommend the following to the attention of parents:—

"The fact cannot be denied or concealed, that the general tendency of education in this country—the influences that go to form motive or character—are sordid, egotistical, and latitudinarian in the extreme. Under this baleful shadow, a false and grossly material standard of manhood has sprung up amongst the bulk of the population, to which self-denial is unknown, and from which forbearance and the higher aspirations are excluded. The corruption of politics aggravates the corruption of education, and powerfully aids in developing an intense selfishness that recognizes no god but gold, obeys no authority but the passions, and acknowledges no guide of action but self-interest. Hence we have, in the grosser developments of this training (particularly in our cities), masses of men blindly following their worst impulses, and manifesting a degree of barbarism exceeding that of the most degraded savages.

"This state of things is bred and fostered in the boy, and it is in the boy, and nowhere else, that the rowdiness of America is to be finally obliterated. The inculcation of modesty, firmness, obedience, and, above all, the practical development of religious and moral sentiments, will make the youth, to a great extent, his own guardian, instead of demon, in early manhood, and discipline his conduct in the relations of life, so as to be productive of his own well-being, and the good order of society. It is by bowing the youth of the country to such training that the material will be turned to good account, which, under the loose and pretentious systems of the present day, matures into the swaggering knave or the infamous rowdy.—Monitor.

The Pope as a Ruler.

The Piedmontese paper, the Opinione, thus enlarges on the evils notorious in the Papal territories:

"A fine example of civilization is a country where, in broad daylight, robbers attack a whole parish; where the budget contains a charge of \$50,000 for escorts of couriers; where priests murder young boys, and the Inquisition tears infants from their mothers' arms; where people live in agitation and terror, and in continual apprehension of an insurrection; where two foreign armies are required to protect the Pope from the affectionate demonstrations of his subjects; where the gens-d'armes are insufficient to arrest the criminals; where proprietors petition the Government at least to protect their lives, if it cannot protect their property; where the Government condescends to treat with malefactors, and is not master in its own house; where the Austrians fortify Ancona, and the French make an entrenched camp at Civita Vecchia; and where, nevertheless, there is fear of everything—of words, of the press, of meetings. And this is a model of civilized life!"

DER ISRAELITISCHE FRAUEN-VEREIN.

Report of the Secretary of the "Israelitische Frauen-Verein," of San Francisco, laid before its Members at the regular general meeting of the Society, held on Sunday, March 2d, 1859.

TO THE PRESIDENT AND MEMBERS OF THE "ISRAELITISCHE FRAUEN-VEREIN."

Whereas, there was no quorum present at the last general meeting to lay the Semi-Annual Report before the Society, the present Report of the Secretary comprises a summary of the efficiency of the Society for a whole year. It evinces a lamentable state of the Society that the Members do not take so much interest in its affairs as to be present at its general meetings. It is to be hoped that, in future, the Members will endeavor to be personally more interested in the transactions of the Society.

ACTUAL STATE OF THE SOCIETY.

We number fifty-eight regularly-paying Members—seven who are in arrears, but promise to pay up—and four whose names were cancelled from the Committee from want of such a promise. There is a decrease of two in the number of Members. It is desirable that the Members make efforts to induce their respective friends to become Members of this benevolent Society; for a young association which—as will appear from the following report—is so efficient in doing good, ought to be on the increase, and not on the decrease.

FINANCES.

Receipts from March 18, '58, to March 13, '59—\$340
Paid out in charity—885

Balance on hand—\$45

It appears that, notwithstanding the considerable claims on the Society of late, the receipts exceed the expenditures by \$45; besides \$116, regular monthly dues, which become due those days; \$20 interest for two months, and \$104, arrears of seven Members. The following table shows the present condition of the Treasury:—

Cash on hand	\$737 96
Dues	116 00
Interest	20 00
Total	\$873 96

Though our Treasury has not increased this year in the same degree as it did the preceding one, the Committee, notwithstanding, has the consciousness of having done its duty in full measure, since no application was met by a refusal, and the wants of necessity were alleviated in every direction.

It is desirable that the society be enabled by an extra income to raise another thousand dollars, to loan on interest. A proposition to this effect will be laid before the general meeting this evening.

It is gratifying to reflect that "Der Frauen-Verein" is a highly necessary Society of Benevolence for San Francisco; and that we may congratulate ourselves on having effected so much good in the latter years. Many tears of misery were dried by the hand of charity extended by the Society. A poor orphan has been supported another year by its aid, and several families assisted in the purchase of tickets (to return East), who could not do so by their own means.

On the whole, the state of the Society, whose existence dates but a few years back, is a very favorable one, and the members should endeavor to evince their interest in the Society, personally, as they have hitherto done by their contributions, so that we may be enabled to exert a more beneficial influence in future.

C. REGENSBURGER, Secretary.

REACTION.—The extravagance of the French Unvers has had the effect of calling forth an opposition Roman Catholic paper, called L'Univers Religieux, of which the first number has already appeared.

[From Esther, the Hebrew-Persian Queen.]

EARLY RELIGIOUS IMPRESSIONS.

But how does it come that we find a man of such integrity and strength of character, and loftiness of principle, here in Persia—a captive, far from the home of his fathers? It comes in a very philosophic way. Mordecai is what his education has made him—Mordecai is the concrete word for all the influences that have been operating upon him from his birth to this moment. And among these we are, doubtless, to find the teachings and examples of his parents in the home of his youth, amid the hills of Judea. Parents—especially the mother—mould the man. They have their attention when their affections are first developing, and their intellects are beginning to expand. They have it then in their power to sow the precious seed, which it is almost impossible wholly to eradicate in after life. The whole world is an illustration of the influence of parental example, and yet the tendency of our times is to substitute the teaching of schools and the lessons of society for the lessons and teaching of the parents' lips and lives. Our public schools and Sunday schools are great blessings, if properly employed; but in just so far as they have caused parental oversight to be relaxed, and family government and family instruction to be diminished, in just so far they have done harm. The influence of parental example cannot be wholly destroyed; but there should be no substitute for it. Our schools should be parental helps, not substitutes, and especially must the parent retain in his own hands the religious instruction of his children. God has intended the parent to be the child's first instructor, and first priest. For months after birth, the child gazes with an uncertain bewildered look on whatever objects are within its horizon. Its education has begun. And these surrounding objects, from which it takes lessons as fast as it can see, should be beautiful, well-formed and pure, in all their associations and powers, to produce suggestions as remembered in after life. The pictures, furniture, and window-views, landscapes,—all that comes within the child's vision, should be refined and in good taste. But the next stage of its education is imitation—catching and repeating the tones of voice, or the personal habits of those that surround it, or of the names of things it hears; and in most cases, before the parents are aware of it, the child has adopted their principles of conduct, and imbibed the spirit that reigned in their hearts. Happy, then, if the child has detected no inconsistency between the teaching and the example of the parents! Happy is it if the principles adopted, and the disposition absorbed shall, I say, have been such as are according to truth and righteousness; for they are to be firm and enduring. They will grow with his growth, and when everything else learned in after life shall fade away and be forgotten, they will spring up in renewed power, and strengthen the soul for its last effort in leaving the body. It is in our earliest years the soul receives its coloring and shape for eternity.

The morals of the young are tainted by the examples of those in office.* Intemperance is increasing, crime is rampant, and our penitentiary contains more than five hundred prisoners. Public salaries are enormously high, and the public money has been squandered. Although taxation has been screwed up to the highest point of endurance, many of the counties are verging towards bankruptcy. Nevada county owes \$120,000. In spite of Constitutional restraints, the State is deeply involved.—*Exchange*.

* By the abundance of bad examples of the old, in absence of the great redeeming virtues that could serve the young as an ideal [model].—Ed GLEANER.

Swiss Intolerance.

There is a singular law in the demicanton of Bale-Campagne (Swiss) which forbids an Israelite from establishing himself in the district. It happens, however, that many Jews from Alsace have gone and settled there, and carried on their business. Some ill-feeling having been manifested by the people, the Government resolved to expel the Abrahamites: fortunately for these the existing treaties with France permit French subjects to settle in the Bale-Campagne, and the Government must therefore decide whether it will enforce its law, or maintain its treaties. It is resolved that those who are there may remain, but that no others be permitted to enter. This will be a great hardship to not a few whose relations are on the other side of the border. It is much to be desired that laws which impose such civil restrictions for religious opinions should as soon as possible be done away. As a contrast to the cases just referred to, we take another from the Zeit, of Berlin. A young Turk promised a damsel of Stolacz (in Boenia) that he would marry her if she would follow him to Monastir and embrace Islamism. Her love was stronger than her faith, and although a Catholic she consented. On reaching Monastir, the Turkish Governor determined to carry out the law in such cases made and provided; he therefore placed the maiden in a Christian family, where for three days she could receive the visits of her relatives and the priests. If after that time she continued firm in her resolution she was to have her way, but if not she must return to her friends. The result was that she was restored to her home and her religion, and the young Turk was forbidden to have any future communications with her.

INJUSTICE TO PROTESTANTS.—The "U. I." relates that a missionary in Algeria having lost all his Jewish pupils, whom he professed to teach French gratuitously, asked one of them why they discontinued attending his lessons. The reply which the missionary received was—"We hear that you steal Israelitish children; for this reason we do not want to see you any more." These Jews evidently confound Protestants with Roman Catholics, and it would only be an act of justice on the part of chief rabbi Netter, who presides over the congregation, to point out to its members their mistake. It is unjust to permit the innocent to lie under the imputation of the guilty; for Protestants, as a body, undeniably hold such atrocities in utter abhorrence.

WANTED.—A tailor, a shoemaker, a watchmaker and a gunsmith are much wanted in this place. Mechanics of every description will find San Diego an eligible location. A good milliner would also do well here.—*San Diego Herald*.

THE WORLD.—Delusive ideas are the motives of the greatest part of mankind, and a heated imagination the power by which their actions are incited: the world, in the eye of a philosopher, may be said to be a large madhouse.—*Makenzie*.

To Some Readers in the Country.

We have, since the first inst., sent bills, through the express, to the amount of above \$200. All that we have received through that channel, up to the present time, is \$15, of which we had to pay \$7 50 for collection on bills paid and returned. The returned bills are of parties that have left their places of residence without notifying us; others have left for the States; and others state that they did not, *de facto*, subscribe. We think such a plea unfair.

We have repeatedly informed the recipients of the GLEANER, through its columns, that, if they wished to discontinue being subscribers, they need but return a copy, addressed to the "GLEANER OFFICE," refused, (of course accompanied by the amount due for papers accepted, if the amount be for more than a month).

In sending copies to persons recommended to us, we invariably enclose a printed note of a similar purport.

We, therefore, cannot see how gentlemen can accept copies for from six to eighteen months, and, when claimed upon, state they "did not subscribe."

We hope that our friends will not put us to any unnecessary expense: we hope they will send with every refused copy the amount due for those previously accepted; otherwise they will be considered debtors to the GLEANER, and will be claimed upon for payment, either by express, by mail, or through our columns. However, if the non-payment is owing to reverses, a few words by mail to that effect will be sufficient to be released from all further claims.

We beg that a portion of our readers will take notice, so that we need not in future give room to such a notice in our columns.

Remarkable Works of Human Labor.

Nineveh was fifteen miles long, eight wide, and forty miles round, with a wall one hundred feet high, and thick enough for three chariots abreast. Babylon was fifty miles within the walls, which were seventy-five feet thick, and four hundred feet high, with one hundred brazen gates. The temple of Diana, at Ephesus, was four hundred and twenty feet to the support of the roof. It was a hundred years in building. The largest of the pyramids is four hundred and eighty-one feet high, and six hundred and fifty-three on the sides; its base covers eleven acres. The stones are about thirty feet in length, and the layers are three hundred and eighty. It employed three hundred and thirty thousand men in building. The labyrinth in Egypt, contains three hundred chambers, and two hundred and fifty halls. Thebes, in Egypt, presents ruins twenty-seven miles round. Athens was twenty-five miles round, and contained three hundred and fifty thousand citizens; and four hundred thousand slaves. The temple of Delphos, was so rich in donation, that it was plundered of five hundred thousand dollars and Nero carried away from it two hundred statues. The walls of Rome were thirteen miles round.—*Masonic Mirror*.

ESTHER, THE HEBREW-PERSIAN QUEEN, and a second edition of SAMSON, THE HE BREW HERCULES—by the Rev. Dr. Scott, published by Messrs. H. H. Bancroft & Co., San Francisco, 1859. We return our thanks to the learned author, and the publishers for copies of these valuable publications. For our appreciation of the merit of these productions we refer to our remarks on the fourth page.

LOAN.—A Russian loan of 30,000,000 roubles had been nearly concluded with the Rothschilds.

Burying Defective Hebrew Writings.

Having lately alluded to this custom, we will copy from the "A. I." an account of a recent instance which occurred at Vienna. Our cotemporary says:—"It is the custom of the Turko-Israelitish community, every eighth year, to bury the copies of the sacred books which are no longer serviceable. This solemnity, always made subservient to the interests of public charity, has just taken place. All defective scrolls of the law, as well as other ill-treated books, were carried to the cemetery, being sewn in linen bags. After preliminary discussion as to the use of the money to be realized by the solemnity, and which it was resolved to devote to the support of the public schools, they proceeded to the sale of the place where the books were to be buried. It was knocked down to Mr. Adutt for the sum of 120 florins. Mr. Raphael Amor paid 30 florins for the honor of digging the pit. The privilege of placing the books therein brought 40 florins. Seventy-five equally ill-used religious books were then sold; the first fetched 80 florins, and the others from 40 to 10 florins. After the sale, the preacher of the community, Rabbi Orabbin, addressed a suitable discourse to the buyers, after which they marched in procession to the cemetery, and each of the purchasers deposited in the pit some article particularly valued by him. The sale realized 800 florins, and, before they separated, some other resolutions for the interest of charity were taken."

Special Notices

BIRTHS.

In this city, March 23, the lady of Samuel Marks, esq., of a Daughter.

DIED.

In this city, Isidor and Mary, twin children of Hannah and Gabriel Scheier, aged 16 months. Isidor departed this life on the 13th inst., and was followed by his sister on the 22d inst.

PAYMENTS.

BIG OAK FLAT.

Mr. Stamper.

M. Gilbert to III. 15.

JACKSON.

Mr. M. Silver to III.

L. Levy & Bro., to "

Ch. Steckler to "

VANCOUVER.

Through Mr. D. Stern, \$2,

NORTH SAN JUAN.

Mr. B. Levison III. 26.

Chebrath Bikar Cholim Ukdocha.

This society will hold its regular meetings at the Hall of the Sons of Temperance, on Washington street, between Montgomery and Sansome, every second Sunday in each month, at 7 o'clock P. M. precisely.

L. KING, President.

15-1f SIMON CRANER, Secretary.

RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION.

Parents and Guardians are informed that our school for religious instruction of our children of both sexes, is kept at 133 Clay street, above Merchant's Exchange.

DAYS AND HOURS OF SESSION

The school is open
Saturday, from 10 to 12 A. M.
Sunday, from 9 1-2 to 12 A. M.
Tuesdays and Thursdays, from 4 to 5 1-2 P. M.

DRY GOODS.

F. HENDERSON,
No. 61 Sacramento street,
SAN FRANCISCO.
New Fancy and Staple Dry Goods,
BY THE ARRIVAL OF EVERY STEAMER
AND CLIPPER.

Offered at the lowest Market Prices, to which I invite the
attention of City and Country Merchants.

Assorted Prints—new styles; assorted Blankets;
Berth and Bed Blankets; "York Mills" Cottons;
Blue Denim—assorted; Linen Check and Hickory Shirts;
"Ashland," "Washington" and "Howard" Duck;
White and colored Marseilles Quilts; Brown Drill;
Brown Sheetings; assorted colors Flannel;
Ballard Vale White Flannel; Bleached and Slate Drills;
Bed Ticking—assorted; Bleached Shirts—assorted
"Allendale" Sheetings—assorted widths
Fine Brown Shirts; Gray Twilled Flannel.
N. B. Orders for the Country promptly supplied.
feb12 G4m

S. SIMON & CO.,
Importers and Jobbers of
FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
HOSIERY, &c. &c.
No. 79 California Street,
Corner of Battery and
California Streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

S. SIMON & CO.,
Importers and Jobbers
OF
Foreign & Domestic Dry Goods,
Fancy Goods, Hosiery, &c.,
No. 4 CALIFORNIA STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO.
an 2-G3m

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,
Importers of
DRY GOODS,
Clothing, Hats, Boots, Shoes, &c.,
No. 71 California street.

Receive regular assortments by nearly every clipper in
as also by steamer, which we offer at the lowest wholesale
market prices. ap9-3m

HAAS & ROSENFELD,
Wholesale Dealers in
Yankee Notions, Fancy Goods, Playing
Cards, Cutlery, Perfumery, Gold Dust
Bags, Gent's Furnishing Goods, &c.,
No. 86 California street, between Sansome and Battery

Constantly on hand an assortment of Hart's, Cohen's,
Dougherty's, Crehore's and Fisk's Playing Cards.
S. HAAS feb26G-3m J. ROSENFELD.

GEO. W. CHAPIN & CO'S.
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE
AND
GENERAL AGENCY.

Find Employment for and Supply all Kinds
of Help, Men and Wives for Farms, Hotels and
Families

House servants, Cooks, Seamstresses, Stewards, Coachmen, Grooms, Farm Hands, Day Laborers, Gardeners, Florists, Laundresses, Teamsters, Lumbermen, Machinists, Sawyers, Coppersmiths, Gunsmiths, Metal Turners, Wood Turners,	Harness Makers, Book Keepers, Teachers, Engineers, Porters, Miners, Laborers, Gas Fitters, Clerks, Salesmen, Bakers, Confectioners, Blacksmiths, Shipsmiths, Locksmiths, Hostlers, Butchers, Dairymen, &c., &c.	Boiler Makers, Finishers, Teachers, Painters, Sail Makers, Marble Cutters, Masons, Bricklayers, Plasterers, Millers, Brewers, Jewellers, Engravers, Tailors, Brick Makers, Moulders, Carpenters, Boot Makers,
---	---	--

CHINESE COOKS AND LABORERS SUPPLIED.

ALSO, IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE,

A HOUSE BROKERAGE AND REAL
ESTATE AGENCY.

Attend to Renting Houses, Leasing Land, &c.,
Bills Collected, Loans Negotiated,
GOODS BOUGHT ON COMMISSION, &c.
COUNTRY ORDERS PROMPTLY
ATTENDED TO.

N. E. CORNER KEARNY AND CLAY STREETS,
In the Museum Building,
San Francisco.

DRY GOODS.

DRY - GOODS.

Reynemann, Pirk & Co.,

89 and 91 California st.,
(EMPIRE BLOCK.)

IMPORTERS & JOBBERS,
OFFER FOR SALE,

BY THE
PIECE OR PACKAGE,

BLANKETS—RED, WHITE, BLUE AND
GREEN:

Prints, French and English Me- rinos, Alpacas, Castores, Marseilles, Carpete, Hearth Rugs; Crumb Cloth, Linen Goods, of all kinds, Window Curtains, Damasks, Wool Plaids, Ginghams, Velvets,	Hosiery, Velvet Ribbons, Black Oil Cloth, Pilot and Beaver- cloth, French Hats, Bik Oil cloth Hats, Shirts, French and English Mus- lin Delane, Spool Cotton, Farmer's Satin, Marshall's Lin- en thread, Bunting.
--	---

And a Full Assortment of

DRY - GOODS!

FOR SALE

AT LOWEST MARKET RATES,
s29-1f

ADELSDORFER BROTHERS
IMPORTERS OF
FANCY GOODS,
CUTLERY, PLAYING CARDS, YANKEE
NOTIONS, &c.

No. 2 Custom House Block,
Corner of Sansome and Sacramento streets,
SAN FRANCISCO:
ADELSDORFER BROTHERS receive regular shipments of
FANCY GOODS, from Europe and New York, and
Sell at the very Lowest Prices.

ALWAYS ON HAND,
Hosiery, Accordions, Perfumery, Playing Cards, Looking
Glasses, Combs, Brushes, Porte Monnaies, &c.
Together with a Complete assortment of Yankee Notions.

S. W. ROSENSTOCK. B. PRICE
ROSENSTOCK & PRICE,
Importers and Jobbers
OF
BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS, &c.,
BATTERY STREET
San Francisco. dec17.

CHARLES HESS,
Dealer and Jobber in
DRY GOODS,
Clothing, Yankee Notions, &c.,
Sacramento street, above Battery, (2d floor.)

N. B. All orders from the Country attended to with
despatch. ap9-3m

E. COLEMAN,
IMPORTER OF
Embroideries, Laces, Millinery Goods, Fringes, Ribbon
Velvets, Silks, Buttons, Trimmings, Fancy Notions, &c.
No. 84 Sacramento street, San Francisco.
Basement. aug131f

Family Sewing Machines,
Manufactured by
WHEELER & WILSON.

H. C. HAYDEN, AGENT,
157 Sacramento street, between Kearny and Mont-
gomery streets.

ALBERT KUNER,
SEAL ENGRAVER AND DIE SINKER,
167 Washington Street, San Francisco.

NOTARIAL SEALS, as prescribed by the
law of 1853. Masonic and Official Seals of every de-
scription, Ornamental Engraving and Marking at the short-
est notice, and at reasonable prices. ap3
STENCIL PLATES CUT TO ORDER.

MASSEY & YUNG,
GENERAL FURNISHING UNDERTAKERS,
No. 161 Sacramento street, below Kearny, San Francisco.

The Subscribers are prepared to furnish everything in
their line of business in the best manner, and on the most
reasonable terms; as an evidence of this, we would call
attention to our Handsome Hearse, enclosed in French
Plate Glass, which protects the Remains from the wea-
ther; also, our large stock on hand, which enables us to
be prepared at the shortest notice. feb25-1f

DRY GOODS.

UHLFELDER. LEOPOLD CAHN
UHLFELDER & CAHN,
Importers and Jobbers in
Fancy and Staple Dry Goods
No. 84 California Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.
G6m

SIMON BROTHERS,
SUCCESSORS TO
SIMON & BOHM
Importers and Jobbers of
Fancy and Staple Dry Goods
59 Sacramento, betw. Battery and Front street;
SAN FRANCISCO.

JANSON, BOND & CO.
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,
No. 95,
Battery Street, corner of Clay,
SAN FRANCISCO.
Dec3

Hamburger Bros.
Beg leave to announce to their Friends par-
ticularly, and to the public in general, that
they have resumed business.

They have reopened their store at:
111 Sacramento St. betw. Sans. and Mont.,
where they will keep constantly on hand and
receive by every Steamer from the East, a
general ASSORTMENT of domestic and
FANCY DRY GOODS, CASHMERE,
EMBROIDERIES, MERINOS,
MILLINERY GOODS, GLOVES,
TABLE CLOTH, HOSIERY,
YANKEE NOTIONS, LACES,
RIBBONS, GIMPS, SOCKS,
SILKS, ERINGES, PRINTS,
SHAWLS, PARASOLS,
LINENS, DIAPERS,
TOWELS, TICKS,
SHEETINGS, &c.,
ETC., ETC., ETC.
Which they offer at the lowest market rates.
P. S. Store will be closed on Saturdays.

CLOTHING, &C.
Clothing! Clothing! Clothing!
For Men, for Boys, and for Children!
For all Mankind, including the
MILLION!
WHAT CHEER CLOTHING EMPORIUM,
118 Sacramento street.

COATS, PANTS, VESTS,
HANDKERCHIEFS, CRAVATS,
SUSPENDERS, GLOVES, BELTS, &c.
For sale at New York Auction Prices.
Call and judge for yourself.
ASHIM BROTHERS,
118 Sacramento street.
mar19-4m

WM. MEYER & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Gentlemen's and Boys' Clothing,
No. 170 Clay Street.
(BETWEEN KEARNY AND MONTGOMERY STREETS.)
jan22-G4m SAN FRANCISCO.

L. KING & BROTHER,
Importers and Jobbers of
CLOTHING,
BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, ETC.
No. 71 Battery St bet. Sacramento and Cal. sts.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
mar12-3m

THOMAS YOUNG,
Importer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Furs, Cloaks, Bonnets,
Ribbons, Flowers, Parasols, &c., &c.,
No. 165 Clay street, (above Montgomery street.)
SAN FRANCISCO. mar12-3m

HATS, CAPS, &c.

J. C. MEUSSDORFFER,
MANUFACTURER AND IMPORTER
—OF—
HATS AND CAPS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
No. 165 Commercial Street.

Below Kearny. SAN FRANCISCO.
Our Stock contains always the latest European and
American styles.
Any kind of Hats (both Fur and Silk) made to order.
ja20-3m

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

A. S. ROSENBAUM & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF
Fine
HAVANA CIGARS,
TOBACCO, ETC.,
Corner Clay and Battery Streets,
SAN FRANCISCO. feb1

ST. LOSKY, LEVY & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF THE
Choicest Brands
—OF—
Havana Cigars,
And Sole Agents for the sale, in California, of
La Flor de Cabanas, Partagas y Ca Havana
109 California Street,
Next door to Alsop & Co.

L. & E. WERTHEIMER,
Importers and Dealers in
CIGARS AND TOBACCO
No. 2 Franklin Building, Corner Sacramento and Battery
Streets,
SAN FRANCISCO. feb12-G4m

Cigars and Tobacco
BY EVERY STEAMER.
FALKENSTEIN & CO.,
Southeast corner Commercial and Battery-sta
Orders promptly attended to. feb12 G4m

GENUINE MEERCHAUM
PIPES,
A. WASSERMANN & CO.,
No. 3 Custom House Block, Sacramento street, up-stairs.
IMPORTERS OF German and French
DRY & FANCY GOODS, CIGARS,
GENUINE AND IMITATION
MEERCHAUM PIPES, ETC. ETC. ETC
feb13-3m

LEVINSON BROTHERS,
Importers and Jobbers in
HAVANA AND DOMESTIC CIGARS,
CHOICE BRANDS OF CHEWING AND
SMOKING TOBACCO.
CIGARITOS, MATCHES, SNUFF, PIPES, ETC.,
No. 46 Front street, near corner of California.
SAN FRANCISCO.
feb19-G6m

LATEST BRANDS,
JUST RECEIVED,
CIGARS! CIGARS! CIGARS!
Tried, Recommended and Found to be the "No Plus Ultra."
Kozminsky
Patten's Exchange Sansome Street.
mar19-3m

L. KRAMBACH,
Importer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
CROCKERY,
Glassware, Plated and Britannia Ware
Cutlery, Lamps, &c.
No. 140 Clay Street,
Between Montgomery and Sansome, opposite Leides-
dorff Street, ap9-3m

EAGLE STORE
FIRST PREMIUM RECEIVED
AT THE
STATE FAIR,
... BY ...
COLLINS & TIFFANY,
WHO invite the public to their well-known Establish-
ment, at
No. 171 Washington Street,
(Late of 157 Commercial Street.)
They have in store a full assortment of SPRING
HATS, for which the Premium was awarded; also, a
variety of Goods appertaining to this Branch, and a large
assortment of Soft, French Beaver Hats.

HATS MADE TO ORDER. feb 25 1f

PAINTS, OILS, &c.

PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS, &c.
OLIVER & BUCKLEY

Have now lading in and Store, and for sale at LOWEST RATES,

3000 kegs White Lead,
20,000 gals. Linseed Oil (boiled and raw),
10,000 " Spirits Turpentine,
2000 " Varnish (English and American),
700 doz. Paint and Whitewash Brushes (ass'd sizes),

5000 boxes Window Glass (ass'd sizes),
6700 lbs. Glue (ass'd qualities),
Together with a Large Stock of all Articles in our Line, which we are receiving regularly from the Best Manufacturers.

We have also at all times on hand

CAMPENE,
SPERM OIL,
POLAR OIL,
TANNERS' OIL,
LARD OIL,
And SOLAR OIL.

In Lots to Suit, at

86 and 88 Washington St.
and

87 and 89 OREGON street.
oct15-3m2dp.

S. ROSENBAUM,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Collections specially attended to.

aug. 27tf Oroville, Butte County.

JOSEPH SIMPSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

133 Clay st., Office No. 8, up stairs,

aug27tf San Francisco.

R. H. VANCE'S

1st Premium Photographs,

ALL OF WHICH WERE MADE BY myself and my two operators, who have been with me for many years. One is still with me, and the other is in New York, getting all the Improvements of the day, which will shortly be given to my California Customers.

....OUR....

PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES,

....AND....

DAGUERREOTYPES,

....WE....

Challenge the WORLD to Equal!

If third-rate rooms can make capital of our Beautiful Pictures, and employ help that happened to have worked for me once in this City for six weeks, they are welcome to do so.

R. H. VANCE.

Corner Montgomery and Sacramento streets.

DAGUERREOTYPES, AMBROTYPES,

Photographs and Painting,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

—BY—

HENRY BUSH,

No. 219 Washington Street, below Dupont.

WHOEVER has passed that locality cannot but have noticed the splendid likenesses of Mr. Bush; and none of his patrons will leave his gallery ungratified. Mr. Bush takes the most perfect likenesses in the above styles, from the King Size to Life-Size. He is the inventor of the new CAMERA OBSCURA, for which he has a Patent. Mr. Bush is an Artist, devoted with unusual attachment to his vocation. Those visiting his gallery will convince themselves that the number of years which he has devoted to his profession have been well improved. Prices to suit the times and the demands.

feb25-tf

מגילות

MEGILLOTH,

OF DIFFERENT SIZES & QUALITIES

TO BE HAD OF

MR. R. JACOBSON,

South-east corner of Post and Stockton Streets.

AUCTION HOUSES, &c.

T. J. L. SMILEY.

GEO. W. SMILEY.

SMILEY, YERKES & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
SALESROOM—S. W. corner of Sacramento and Sansome streets.

SALE DAYS.

MONDAYS—Regular Catalogue Sales (in second story salesroom) of FRENCH GOODS, SILKS, EMBROIDERIES, STAPLE DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, &c.
WEDNESDAYS—Regular Catalogue Sales of BOOTS, AND BROGANS, CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS
SATURDAYS, } BLANKETS ap3

H. M. NEWHALL,

H. W. EDDY.

NEWHALL, GREGORY & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

SALESROOM—Fire-Proof Brick Building corner of Sacramento and Battery Streets.

REGULAR SALE DAYS—Mondays and Thursdays.

Regular Sales by Catalogue,

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS,
LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, CUT- LERY, FANCY GOODS, &c.

R. D. W. DAVIS & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

SALE DAYS—TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

AT 10 o'clock, A. M.

THE UNDERSIGNED having taken the Fireproof Brick Store on the southwest corner of California and Sansome streets, will continue the Auction and Commission Business, under the name and style of R. D. W. DAVIS & CO. Gratefully acknowledging the favors heretofore extended to him, he respectfully solicits a share of patronage.

R. D. W. DAVIS.

JAMES HAYES,

MANUFACTURER

AND

DEALER

IN

MARBLE

Grave Stones.



Chimney, Table & Counter Tops.

No. 166 CALIFORNIA STREET.

Hebrew Inscriptions executed with precision, and neatness. All work done in best manner, at the lowest prices.

ISIDOR CHARLES,

PAPER BOX MANUFACTURER.

Shirt, Bonnet, Shoe, Notary, Jewelry, Wedding Cake

All Kinds of Fancy Boxes

MADE TO ORDER.

Keeps constantly on hand Boxes of every description.

No. 112 Sacramento street,

BETWEEN MONTGOMERY AND SANSOME STREETS,
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA. aotf

Gleaner Job Office,

133 Clay Street, below Montgomery.

The Proprietor of the "Weekly Gleaner" respectfully informs his subscribers and the public that an extensive Job Printing Office, supplied with all the modern improvements in type and machinery, is now attached to this Journal.

Our country friends will please notice that orders sent to us in this department will be faithfully and correctly executed at the lowest city rates, and the finished work promptly transmitted free from Express Charges.

HEBREW, GREEK & MUSIC

Are included in the Book Fonts of this Establishment, placing it in advance of any office in the State. Comprised in its varied work may be enumerated

Posting Bills all Sizes,

BY-LAWS, CATALOGUES, PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, PROGRAMMES, CARDS, HEADS, BRIEFS, SHOW CARDS, FORMS (General)

GENERAL BOOK WORK,

In this branch of our business a liberal credit will be placed at the convenience of our patrons.

JEWELRY.



JOSEPH BROTHERS,

Importers and Manufacturers of

WATCHES,

Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware,

&c., &c.,

149 Montgomery street, between Clay and Merchant.

SAN FRANCISCO. ap2-3m



M. M. LEWIS,

Pioneer

WATCH & JEWELRY STORE,

No. 183 CLAY STREET.

HAS a large and desirable assortment of every description of JEWELRY, WATCHES, of the best manufacturers, QUARTZ JEWELRY and DIAMOND WORK, at most reasonable prices.

Diamond and Specimen Work manufactured to order, by skillful workmen. No connection with any other house. Don't forget the number, 183 CLAY STREET, between Montgomery and Kearny sts., opposite Court Block. may28

JOHN W. TUCKER,

IMPORTER OF WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALER IN

WATCHES, DIAMONDS,

SILVER WARE.

Jewelry and Silver Plated Ware.

QUARTZ WORK OF ALL KINDS ON HAND.

Watches repaired with care and warranted.

No. 125 Montgomery Street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

Persons in the interior desirous of purchasing articles of Jewelry, by forwarding a description, accompanied by the cash, can obtain them, and depend on their being of the best quality, and selected with care; and there is little doubt that this mode will prove as satisfactory to the purchasers as if the articles had been selected under their own supervision. feb 8-3m

BRAVERMAN & LEVY,

WATCH & JEWELRY MAKERS,

JEWELERS,

No. 167 Washington Street,

HAVE constantly on hand a large and

beautiful assortment of

FINE WATCHES,

JEWELRY,

QUARTZ WORK, ETC.

In Silver Ware,

We always keep a well selected stock of such articles as

Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons;

silver candlesticks; silver cake baskets,

silver waiters, silver castors, silver cups,

silver napkin rings, &c. &c.

Also—Silver Plated Ware, which we offer or sale at

very low prices. mb6tr

MINISTER FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

The Congregation Emanu-El of San Francisco, Cal. wishes to engage at the earliest possible date

A Minister and School-Superintendent,

and is now ready to receive applications

Amount of Salary **Three thousand**

dollars PER ANNUM, WITH THE

USUAL PERQUISITES.

Term of first engagement: **NOT LESS**

THAN THREE NOR MORE THAN

FIVE YEARS.

Applicants in all cases will please to send

in their Credentials, as well as all such referen

ces that may not only be necessary but also

tend to facilitate preliminary negotiations.

Henry Seligman

B. Hagan

A. Tandler

A. Wasserman

B. Hamburger

H. Halphen

H. Greenebaum

President

Recd. Secy.

Committee on Ministry

SAN FRANCISCO NOV. 14. 1858

dec17tf

PHYSICIANS, DENTISTS, &c.

CARL PRECHT,

Dr. Med. Chir. and Accoucheur

Office hours from 7 to 11 o'clock, A. M.

223 Dupont street, near to Washington

July 10

DR. J. REGENSBURGER,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

NO. 128 STOCKTON STREET.

Between Clay and Washington streets,

San Francisco

1 9-3m

A Card

Parties who wish to save their teeth or to have new ones inserted, are politely requested to call on Dr. Burbank, 125 Montgomery street, over J. W. Tucker's Jewelry Store. At his new office, Dr. B. is prepared to undertake any mechanical or medical operation relative to dentistry. Teeth are extracted, plugged, and whole sets made to order. Ladies and gentlemen whom this Card may interest, may satisfy themselves as to the dental skill of Dr. B., by inspecting specimens of his work. jan10-3m

ROBERT SANDER & CO.,

APOTHECARIES,

CALIFORNIA STREET,

Near Montgomery, Opposite the Express Building.

Prescriptions invariably prepared personally by Mr. Sander, whose experience is well established. feb5-G&V3m

Only \$1 per Bath!

AND LESS,

IF A NUMBER OF TICKETS ARE PURCHASED

DR. BOURNE'S

ELECTRO-CHEMICAL BATHS!

AND

VAPOR BATHS!

SOUTHEAST CORNER OF

SANSOME AND COMMERCIAL STREETS.

(opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel.)

As these Baths equalize the circulation and purify the blood, increase and equalize the nervous forces, improve appetite, deterge all effete matter, and impart universal warmth and strength to the system, they are invaluable aids in the cure of ALL diseases; but especially Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Fever and Ague, &c.; and for Colds, Coughs, and all Affections of the Chest, are absolutely of unequalled efficacy.

But it is not proper to take a Bath until three hours or more, after a meal.

They also remove from the human system Mercury in all its forms, as well as all other Mineral and Drug Poisons.

A department for ladies, which is attended by a competent lady.

The effect of POISON OAK thoroughly eradicated, frequently by a Single Bath.

DYSPEPSIA is permanently CURED (not patched up) in from six to ten weeks. Failure to cure is almost impossible.

House patients received—Ladies or Gentlemen.

The Electro-Chemical Baths are NOT administered persons suffering with infectious or loathsome diseases.

CONSULTATION FREE! n12tf

מצות

Matzoth!

מצות

Matzoth!

We beg leave to announce to the Hebrew Communities in California and Oregon that the contract for baking the MATZOTH for next Passover (Pesach) has been awarded us. Having baked the best kind of Matzoth last year, we shall certainly give entire satisfaction this time.

All orders to be left at the Oriental Bakery, Vallejo St. between Stockton and Powell St.; Bachmans Hotel, Battery St., or at the St. Nicholas Hotel Sansome Street.

N. B. Orders from the Country will be most promptly attended, and those in the City sent to any part free of charge.

Jan27

E. ADLER.

מצות

NOTICE.

מצות

The Undersigned respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have formed a partnership for the purpose of baking MAZOS, and preparing MATZOMEAL. As the articles manufactured by them cannot be surpassed by any one, they therefore solicit a share of public patronage. All orders entrusted to them will be executed to the utmost satisfaction.

Macaroni, Sponge Cake, Chocolate, and Potato-Flour manufactured by A. Englander, one of the partners, can be had on application to either of them.

A. ENGLANDER.

P. BORN.

Shamash and Collector of Shearith Israel.

Bakery on Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny. Goods delivered to any part of the City, free of charge.

Address any of the partners.

The Family.



Fire in the Family.

A young woman, named Ann Wiles, who resided near Windsor, Sonoma county, was so severely burned, on March 6th, that she died on the 13th. It appears that when she was kindling a fire with some shavings, the flames caught her clothes. She rushed away to her husband who was at a distance of 300 yards, but he was unable to tear the burning clothes off her person. He was himself badly burned in attempting to extinguish the flames, while she was so seriously injured that she died a few days afterwards, as mentioned above. The news messenger, Mr. A. Elliot, from whom these particulars are derived, says that the deceased was an orphan, only thirteen years of age last December, and had been married just five weeks previous, by the Rev. Mr. Woods, of Healdsburg. The same clergyman performed the funeral ceremony.

Spiritualism in the Family.

We regret to hear that a gentleman of this city, of distinguished literary and scientific attainments—one who bears a venerable name, and whose great genius and science has given an important improvement to the cities of the United States—has been so far bewildered in the mazes of Spiritualism, as to believe that he is wrongly mated with an amiable and devoted wife, and that he has found his affinity with another young lady. As we have been informed, the wife, though heart-broken by the development, and having one child, has assented to the request of her husband for a separation.—He has gone to Indiana to procure a divorce, in order that he may marry his new affinity, who we believe is, like his wife, a lady of intelligence, amiability, and irreproachable character. — *Boston Traveler.*

A Wife's Prayers.

"How I escaped I know not; perhaps my wife prayed for me."

If his wife prayed for him, that accounts for his escape. We know of no more favorable sign from which to hope for a man's reformation. Many men, apparently on the verge of ruin, have been stopped in the downward course by the indirect influence, so far as human eye could see, of a wife's prayers. That is an influence which, though unheeded for a time, is at length felt in its accumulated force; and the result astonishes those who never thought of its potency. And, loving, patient wife, continue in prayer. Your steady efforts seem to be fruitless; your constant desire to save the erring, seems vain. You feel weak, utterly wanting. So seems the soft dew, quietly falling, and the breeze noiselessly moving the herbage. By-and-by, the blossom pushed forth in its beauty; and the silent sunshine, daily returning, ripens the fruit.

Woman, pray, if you would save the dear ones. Watch in season, and out of season; but pray. Work on, on; and through all toil, sorrow, weariness, hopelessness, pray. An answer will be given. Wait, in prayer; it will come.

Eye-Sight.

Milton's blindness was the result of over-work and dyspepsia.

Multitudes of men and women have made their eyes weak for life, by the too frequent use of the eye sight, in reading small print, and doing fine sewing. In view of those things it is well to observe the following rules in the use of the eyes:

Avoid all sudden changes between light and darkness.

Never begin to read, or write, or sew, for several minutes after coming from darkness to a bright light.

Never read by twilight, or moonlight, or of a very cloudy day.

Never read or sew directly in front of the light, or window, or door.

It is best to have the light fall from above obliquely over the left shoulder.

Never sleep so that, on first waking, the eyes shall open on the light of a window.

Do not use the eye sight by light so scant that it requires an effort to discriminate.

Too much light creates a glare, and pains and confuses the sight. The moment you are sensible of an effort to distinguish, that moment cease, and take a walk or a ride.

As the sky is blue and the earth green, it would seem that the ceiling should be a bluish tinge, and the carpet green, and the walls of some mellow tint.

The moment you are instinctively prompted to rub the eyes, that moment cease using them.

If the eyelids are glued together on waking up, do not forcibly open them, but apply the saliva with the finger—it is the speediest diuient in the world—then wash your eyes and face in warm water.

Hoops in Olden Times.

An act was introduced in the English Parliament, in 1670, "that all women of whatever age, rank, profession or degree, whether virgins, maids or widows, that shall from and after such an act, impose upon, seduce and betray into matrimony, any of his Majesty's male subjects, by scents, paints, cosmetic washes, artificial teeth, false hair, Spanish wool, iron stays, hoops, high-heeled shoes, or bolstered hips, shall incur the penalty of the laws now in force against witchcraft, sorcery, and such like misdemeanors, and that the marriage, upon conviction, stand null and void.

Sudden Loss of Speech.

A French paper, says the Spiritual Age, gives an account of a singular loss of speech by a young French girl, the circumstances of which are as follows:

"At a late hour of the night, an inhabitant of Boieguillaume, passing through one of the streets of Rouen, saw a window open on the first floor of a dwelling-house on his way, and thinking that the family were thereby exposed to nocturnal visitors, he aroused the inmates and informed them of the negligence and danger.—Thanking the traveler for his kindness, the master of the house immediately went up to the chamber of his domestic to whom the carelessness was chargeable, and waking her from a profound sleep, began in a loud and angry voice to censure her for her carelessness. The startled girl, not recognizing the voice of her master, and thinking it was the noise of robbers at her door, was so frightened that she could only respond with inarticulate sounds, and since that time has been unable to speak.

Strive to be as kind, forbearing and forgiving as you can, both to friends and foes.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

M. BERNHEIM,
(Late of Mercer and Bernheim.)
WHOLESALE CONFECTIONER,
AND IMPORTER OF
CONFECTIONERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
No. 104 CLAY STREET,
Between Sansome and Battery,
Informs his Customers, and the Public in general, that he has opened this establishment, where he has constantly on hand a large stock of
STICK CANDIES, SEEDS,
ALMONDS, DROPS,
COMFITS, LUMPS,
MOTTOS, LOZENGES,
GUM-DROPS, JUJUBE PASTE, FRENCH BON-BONS,
—AND—
Every Variety of Confectionery!

A thorough acquaintance with the Business, by a practice of six years, renders him competent to guarantee his Goods. Please call at No. 104 Clay street, San Francisco. Orders from the Country will meet with prompt attention. mar 25 tf.

כשר גענוץ פֿעט עלפֿס
GOOSE FAT.
LEOPOLD ENGLANDER 92 California street, has imported direct from Germany an excellent article of **GOOSE FAT**, which he sells at moderate prices. Families and dealers in the City and Country will be served with this favorite commodity on the shortest notice. mar 25-tf

כשר PESAH. כשר
GROCERIES FOR PESAH.

Every variety of Groceries for the Pesah Holidays are offered at the well-known
WASHINGTON GROCERY,
137 Washington Street.

The eligibility of Qualities and Prices are too well known to require any recommendation. mar 25-tf

שוחט על פֿסח
At a late meeting of **קהל רעים אהובים** at Stockton it was resolved to engage the services of **שוחט** for the Pesah Holidays.

Any gentleman properly qualified, may call at the office of the **GLEANER 133 Clay Street.**

FREEMAN & CO'S
NEW YORK & CALIFORNIA
EXPRESS
CAPITAL STOCK, \$500,000.

Established 1855. (Re-Organized 1859.)

HAVING Agencies at all the principal points in California, they are prepared to transact a general EXPRESS, FORWARDING and COMMISSION BUSINESS with Safety and Dispatch—offering

FACILITIES UNSURPASSED
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For transporting Freights, Parcels, Packages and Treasure; and for

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They will promptly attend to all Commissions and Consignments, and Orders for the purchase of Goods: connecting at New York with Responsible Express Companies at all points in the Atlantic States, and with

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TO ALL PARTS OF EUROPE.

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JOHN M. FREEMAN, President.

On and after the first of March, FREEMAN & CO. will run a Daily Express to all the following points:

Auburn	Ione Valley	Poverty Bar
Angels'	Illinoistown	Redwood City
Amador	Jackson	Rough and Ready
Benicia	Jamestown	San Jose
Columbia	Knight's Ferry	Santa Clara
Coloma	Los Angeles	San Luis Obispo
Chinese Camp	Lancha Plana	Salmon Falls
Dutch Flat	Marysville	Stockton
Douglas Flat	Michigan Bar	San Andreas
Diamond Springs	Mokelumne Hill	Shaw's Flat
Drytown	Murphy's	Sutter Creek
Eldorado	Monterey	Sonoma
Forest Hill	Napa	San'a Barbara
Folsom	Negro Hill	San Pedro
Georgetown	Oroville	San Diego
Grass Valley	Petaluma	Volcano
Greenwood	Placerville	Valejo
Iowa Hill		Yankee Jim's.

As soon as arrangements can be perfected, they will run a Daily Express to all points in the Northern and Southern Mines; also, to all points on the Northern and Southern Coast. C. S. HIGGINS, Superintendent. mar 4-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

I. Friedman & M. L. Meyers,
222 Washington Street,
Between Dupont Street and Brenham Place,
... ARE BAKING ...

מצות MATZOTH מצות
From a Superior Quality of Flour, and with the strictest attention to *Din*. They hope to gain the patronage of the scrupulous portion of our Community in the City and Country.

Orders to any part of this City will be most punctually attended to, and sent free of charge.

ORDERS taken at the corner of Dupont and Washington streets, in the Basement, and by Mr. A. Mitchell, 148 Washington street.

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JOHN WILSON..... PROPRIETOR

DRAMATIC SEASON!
Engagement for a limited number of nights of the Acknowledged Tragedian of the Age,

MR. JAMES ANDERSON,
...AND...
MISS FANNY MORANT,

Who will appear nightly in new and interesting pieces, supported by the most

POWERFUL STOCK COMPANY IN CALIFORNIA
PRICES OF ADMISSION:

Dress Circle.....\$1 00
Parquette.....50 cts.
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Doors open at 7 o'clock; curtain rises at half-past 7.

FRUITS! FRUITS!

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC,
For Sale, in Lots to Suit,

...BY...

GEORGE HUGHES,
Corner Sansome and Clay Streets,
SAN FRANCISCO.

N. B.—ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
[mar 4-6m]

CAMPENE AND OIL,
—Manufactured by—

A. C. DIETZ & CO,

Office and Store—132 Washington Street,

between Montgomery and Sansome opposite the market.

We offer at the lowest market rates:

Camphene.

We can warrant our Camphene, to be superior to any other manufactured in this state, burning free of all smoke and giving a pure white flame, leaving no colour or crust on the wick after burning. We can produce positive proof, that one gallon of our Camphene will give as much light as one gallon and a quart of any other. And a great advantage to country merchants and dealers, that it will keep good for six months, and burn as clear and free as the first day it was manufactured.

We have constantly on hand: Oil of all descriptions as

SPEARM OIL,

LARD OIL,

POLAR OIL,

CHINA OIL,

HEATS FOOT OIL,

MACHINERY OIL,

LINSEED OIL &c. &c.

TURPENTINE,

BURNING FLUID AND

95 PERCENT ALCOHOL,

Also a large assortment of Lamps, of all descriptions.

dec. 17.

SACRAMENTO.

JOSEPH LORYEA,

Importer and Jobber in

CROCKERY,

GLASSWARE, LAMPS, &c.,

Chandeliers, Plated & Britannia Ware,

Looking-Glasses, &c., &c.,

No. 146 J. street, between 5th and 6th streets,

SACRAMENTO.

N. B. Goods delivered to any part of the City free of charge.

apr 3-a

כשר KOSHER MEAT.

SOLOMON GANS & CO.,

(SUCCESSOR TO YALE ABRAHAM.)

Jackson Street, between Kearny and Dupont.

In the Old Pennsylvania Engine House,

SAN FRANCISCO.

ALL kinds of Meats—Fresh, Home-Cured, Smoked, and Salt Beef, Tongues, Sausages, &c.; also, VEGETABLES in their season.

N. B.—Orders to any part of the City freely attended to with promptness.

כשר על פֿסח

All the above articles of the best quality for Pesah.